CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council
City of Port Washington
Port Washington, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Port Washington, Wisconsin (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 4.D. to the basic financial statements, the City restated beginning fund balance in the general, marina and library governmental funds and beginning net position for governmental activities in the amounts of \$999,728, \$43,219, \$35,647, and \$291,422, respectively, to correct errors in the previously issued financial statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules relating to pensions and other postemployment benefits as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual expenditures, and the nonmajor combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted and actual revenues, general fund detailed comparison of budgeted, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 7, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin June 7, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	Component Unit BID
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Totals	DID
Cash and Investments	\$ 15,647,549	\$ 8,339,907	\$ 23,987,456	\$ 15,521
Receivables:	, .,. ,. ,.	, -,,	, -,,	,
Taxes and Special Charges	3,843,180	-	3,843,180	75,995
Delinquent Taxes	20,223	-	20,223	-
Accounts	663,108	1,384,797	2,047,905	-
Leases	383,023	307,988	691,011	-
Loans	446,714	-	446,714	-
Prepaid Items	18,068	36,040	54,108	-
Restricted and Other Assets:				
Cash and Investments	-	3,580,969	3,580,969	-
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	4,616,983	1,676,728	6,293,711	-
Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	44,152,097	40,419,173	84,571,270	
Total Assets	69,790,945	55,745,602	125,536,547	91,516
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Related Amounts	7,015,376	1,418,978	8,434,354	-
Net Other Postemployment				
Benefit-Related Amounts	530,725	103,681	634,406	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,546,101	1,522,659	9,068,760	-
LIABILITIES	4 000 000	100.010		
Accounts Payable	1,002,926	108,316	1,111,242	-
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	956,121	200,340	1,156,461	-
Due to Other Governments	76,261	47.000	76,261	-
Accrued Interest Payable	206,326	47,262	253,588	-
Unearned Revenues Long-Term Obligations:	780,699	133,217	913,916	-
Due Within One Year	3,860,276	1,937,865	5,798,141	-
Due in More than One Year	30,007,311	9,930,760	39,938,071	-
Net Pension Liability	1,871,843	377,172	2,249,015	-
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability:				
Due Within One Year	117,451	23,074	140,525	-
Due in More than One Year	930,415	181,801	1,112,216	-
Total Liabilities	39,809,629	12,939,807	52,749,436	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0 400 604		0 400 604	75 005
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year Lease Related	8,428,621 383,023	307,988	8,428,621 691,011	75,995
Pension Related Amounts	3,937,473	795,813	4,733,286	-
Other Postemployment Benefit Related Amounts	740,761	144,732	885,493	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,489,878	1,248,533	14,738,411	75,995
Total Bolonea Illiowe of Resources	10,100,010	1,210,000	11,700,111	10,000
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,350,124	31,557,666	50,907,790	-
Restricted:				
Loan Programs	866,545	-	866,545	-
Library	201,666	-	201,666	-
Tax Incremental District Development	241,491	-	241,491	-
Debt Service	92,887	945,613	1,038,500	-
Equipment Replacement	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	<u>-</u>
Unrestricted	3,284,826	9,076,642	12,361,468	15,521
Total Net Position	\$ 24,037,539	\$ 43,079,921	\$ 67,117,460	\$ 15,521

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-Type		Component Unit				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	BID				
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$ 1,544,388	\$ 177,383	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,367,005)	\$ -	\$ (1,367,005)	\$ -				
Public Safety	5,017,694	1,114,686	149,554	-	(3,753,454)	· -	(3,753,454)	-				
Public Works	4,424,570	242,007	912,648	2,535	(3,267,380)	-	(3,267,380)	-				
Health and Human Services	267,245	-	· -	-	(267,245)	-	(267,245)	-				
Culture and Recreation	3,043,069	416,257	161,177	-	(2,465,635)	-	(2,465,635)	-				
Conservation and Development	1,726,861	6,250	15,263	-	(1,705,348)	-	(1,705,348)	-				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	664,358		<u>-</u>		(664,358)		(664,358)					
Total Governmental Activities	16,688,185	1,956,583	1,238,642	2,535	(13,490,425)		(13,490,425)					
Business-Type Activities:												
Water Utility	2,749,690	3,570,242	_	701,626	_	1,522,178	1,522,178	_				
Wastewater Utility	2,377,239	2,979,274	_	649,830		1,251,865	1,251,865	_				
Marina	1,198,581	1,418,790		040,000		220,209	220,209					
	-			1051150								
Total Business-Type Activities	6,325,510	7,968,306		1,351,456		2,994,252	2,994,252					
Total	\$ 23.013.695	\$ 9,924,889	\$ 1,238,642	\$ 1,353,991	(13,490,425)	2,994,252	(10,496,173)	-				
Component Unit:												
BID	\$ 70,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				(70,208)				
	GENERAL REVENU	ES										
	Taxes:											
	Property Taxes				7,062,657	-	7,062,657	-				
	Tax Increments				743,068	-	743,068	-				
	Other Taxes				323,652	-	323,652	-				
	Federal and State	Grants and Other Co	ontributions									
	Not Restricted to	Specific Functions			4,053,183	-	4,053,183	-				
	Interest and Invest	ment Earnings			462,541	543,911	1,006,452	113				
	Miscellaneous				882,927	62,066	944,993	77,949				
	TRANSFERS				(916,313)	916,313						
	Total Genera	l Revenues and Trar	nsfers		12,611,715	1,522,290	14,134,005	78,062				
	CHANGE IN NET PO	SITION			(878,710)	4,516,542	3,637,832	7,854				
	Net Position - Januar	y 1, as Originally Re	ported		24,624,827	38,563,379	63,188,206	7,667				
	Restatement				291,422		291,422					
	Net Position - Beginn	ing of Year, as Resta	ated		24,916,249	38,563,379	63,479,628	7,667				
	NET POSITION - EN	D OF YEAR			\$ 24,037,539	\$ 43,079,921	\$ 67,117,460	\$ 15,521				

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Capital		Nonmajor					
		0		Debt	а	nd Special	Governmental			T-4-1-
ASSETS		General	Service			Projects		Funds		Totals
Cash and Investments	\$	5,350,729	\$	2,149,212	\$	4,208,797	\$	3,938,811	\$	15,647,549
Receivables:		1,308,480		1 755 075		45,821		722 604		2 0 42 400
Taxes and Special Charges Delinguent Taxes		20,223		1,755,275		45,621		733,604		3,843,180 20,223
Accounts		383,108		_		_		280,000		663,108
Leases		383,023		_		_		-		383,023
Loans		-		_		_		446,714		446,714
Due from Other Funds		105,155		-		-		-		105,155
Prepaid Items		18,068								18,068
Total Assets	\$	7,568,786	\$	3,904,487	\$	4,254,618	\$	5,399,129	\$	21,127,020
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	244,833	\$	-	\$	21,530	\$	736,563	\$	1,002,926
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities		293,338		-		-		7,874		301,212
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		105,155		105,155
Due to Other Governments		76,261		-		-				76,261
Unearned Revenues		20,256				-		760,443		780,699
Total Liabilities		634,688		-		21,530		1,610,035		2,266,253
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		2,841,504		3,811,600		99,500		1,676,017		8,428,621
Lease Related		383,023		-		-		-		383,023
Unavailable Revenue		73,897		-		-		280,000		353,897
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,298,424		3,811,600		99,500		1,956,017		9,165,541
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		38,291		-		-		-		38,291
Restricted		-		92,887		4,133,588		1,309,702		5,536,177
Committed		-		-		-		667,301		667,301
Unassigned		3,597,383		- 02.007		4 422 500		(143,926)		3,453,457
Total Fund Balances		3,635,674		92,887		4,133,588		1,833,077	_	9,695,226
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,568,786	\$	3,904,487	\$	4,254,618	\$	5,399,129	\$	21,127,020

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total Fund Balances as Shown on Previous Page	\$ 9,695,226
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	48,769,080
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	353,897
Some deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	7,015,376 (3,937,473) 530,725 (740,761)
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds and Notes Payable Premium on Debt Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Other Long-Term Liability - HRA Liability Accrued Interest on Long-Term Obligations	(32,045,822) (799,332) (1,022,433) (1,871,843) (1,047,866) (654,909) (206,326)
Net Position of Governmental Activities Reported on the Statement of Net Position	\$ 24,037,539

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Dalu				Capital		Nonmajor		
	0		Debt	and Special		Governmental Funds			T-4-1-
REVENUES	General		Service		Projects		Funds		Totals
Taxes	\$ 3,306,167	\$	3,346,492	\$	_	\$	1,476,718	\$	8,129,377
Special Assessments	-	•	2,535	•	-	•	-	•	2,535
Intergovernmental	3,799,115		-		53,000		1,284,237		5,136,352
Licenses and Permits	342,538		_		-		-		342,538
Fines and Forfeits	70,847		_		-		_		70,847
Public Charges for Services	1,169,766		-		-		254,726		1,424,492
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	68,228		_		-		129,116		197,344
Miscellaneous	1,097,353		_		21,902		1,019,464		2,138,719
Total Revenues	9,854,014		3,349,027		74,902		4,164,261		17,442,204
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government	1,712,893		_		_		229,709		1,942,602
Public Safety	4,709,589		-		-		438,850		5,148,439
Public Works	2,404,193		_		-		249,994		2,654,187
Health and Human Services	3,683		-		-		39,956		43,639
Culture and Recreation	1,414,941		_		-		658,581		2,073,522
Conservation and Development	129,113		_		-		1,578,036		1,707,149
Debt Service:									
Principal	-		2,690,000		-		355,273		3,045,273
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-		657,441		106,513		89,978		853,932
Capital Outlay	-		-		2,400,478		1,401,829		3,802,307
Total Expenditures	10,374,412		3,347,441		2,506,991		5,042,206		21,271,050
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES	(520,398)		1,586		(2,432,089)		(877,945)		(3,828,846)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Long-Term Debt Issued	-		-		5,460,000		-		5,460,000
Premium on Debt Issued	-		-		236,493		-		236,493
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-		-		19,335		-		19,335
Transfers In	461,461		262,252		992,685		85,188		1,801,586
Transfers Out					(142,836)		(1,129,072)		(1,271,908)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	461,461		262,252		6,565,677		(1,043,884)		6,245,506
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(58,937)		263,838		4,133,588		(1,921,829)		2,416,660
Fund Balances - January 1, as Originally Reported	2,694,883		(170,951)		-		3,676,040		6,199,972
Restatement	999,728						78,866		1,078,594
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated	3,694,611		(170,951)				3,754,906		7,278,566
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,635,674	\$	92,887	\$	4,133,588	\$	1,833,077	\$	9,695,226

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances as Shown on Previous Page	\$ 2,416,660
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Assets Reported as Expenditures in Governmental Fund Statements Depreciation Expense Reported in the Statement of Activities Net Book Value of Disposals	3,431,419 (1,924,087) (81,406)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the statement of activities when earned.	(648,188)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Long-Term Debt Issued Premium on Debt Issued Principal Repaid	(5,460,000) (236,493) 3,045,273
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Amortization of Premiums Other Long-Term Liability - HRA Liability Compensated Absences Net Pension Asset Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Net Other Postemployment Benefits Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Transfer from Governmental Activities to Businss-Type Activities	43,997 145,577 89,044 198,503 (2,752,537) (1,871,843) 1,615,833 2,543,683 227,002 54,651 (269,807) (1,445,991)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported in the Statements of Activities	\$ (878,710)

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

							/ariance al Budget -
	Bud	dget				ļ	Positive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 3,820,444	\$	3,820,444	\$	3,306,167	\$	(514,277)
Intergovernmental	3,749,676		3,749,676		3,799,115		49,439
Licenses and Permits	402,220		402,220		342,538		(59,682)
Fines and Forfeits	168,000		168,000		70,847		(97,153)
Public Charges for Services	1,079,175		1,079,175		1,169,766		90,591
Intergovernmental Charges							
for Services	68,228		68,228		68,228		<u>-</u>
Miscellaneous	 724,207		724,207		1,097,353		373,146
Total Revenues	10,011,950		10,011,950		9,854,014		(157,936)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	2,215,631		2,215,631		1,712,893		502,738
Public Safety	4,556,871		4,556,871		4,709,589		(152,718)
Public Works	2,186,914		2,186,914		2,404,193		(217,279)
Health and Human Services	9,200		9,200		3,683		5,517
Culture and Recreation	1,395,488		1,395,488		1,414,941		(19,453)
Conservation and Development	 142,846		142,846		129,113		13,733
Total Expenditures	 10,506,950		10,506,950		10,374,412		132,538
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(495,000)		(495,000)		(520,398)		(25,398)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers In	 495,000		495,000		461,461		(33,539)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-		(58,937)		(58,937)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,694,883		2,694,883		2,694,883		-
Restatement	 				999,728		999,728
Fund Balance - January 1, Restated	 2,694,883		2,694,883		3,694,611		999,728
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,694,883	\$	2,694,883	\$	3,635,674	\$	940,791

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Wastewater	Water		
	Utility	Utility	Marina	Totals
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,821,291	\$ 3,797,140	\$ 721,476	\$ 8,339,907
Receivables:				
Customer Accounts	548,700	836,097	-	1,384,797
Leases	-	53,343	-	53,343
Prepaid Items	-	36,040	-	36,040
Total Current Assets	4,369,991	4,722,620	721,476	9,814,087
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Restricted and Other Assets:				
Cash and Investments	1,806,257	1,774,712	-	3,580,969
OTHER ASSETS				
Leases Receivable	-	254,645	-	254,645
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,806,257	2,029,357	-	3,835,614
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Nondepreciable	560,936	1,115,792	-	1,676,728
Depreciable, Net	14,880,911	22,755,476	2,782,786	40,419,173
Total Capital Assets	15,441,847	23,871,268	2,782,786	42,095,901
Total Assets	21,618,095	30,623,245	3,504,262	55,745,602
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Related Amounts	497,043	875,804	46,131	1,418,978
Other Postemployment Benefit Related Amounts	37,232	66,449	-	103,681
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	534,275	942,253	46,131	1,522,659

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds							
	-	Wastewater		Water				
		Utility		Utility		Marina		Totals
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	25,166	\$	71,772	\$	11,378	\$	108,316
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities		69,570		106,879		23,891		200,340
Unearned Revenue		-		-		133,217		133,217
Current Portion of:								
Compensated Absences		19,161		41,059		11,598		71,818
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		8,206		14,868		-		23,074
General Obligation Debt		-		-		230,000		230,000
Bond Anticipation Notes		-		960,000		-		960,000
Debt Premium		16,213		26,329		8,505		51,047
Payable from Restricted Assets:								
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds		100,000		525,000		-		625,000
Accrued Interest		6,200		33,462		7,600		47,262
Total Current Liabilities		244,516		1,779,369		426,189		2,450,074
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS								
Less Current Portion:								
General Obligation Debt		-		-		1,487,230		1,487,230
Revenue Bonds		1,470,461		6,810,191		-		8,280,652
Compensated Absences		30,747		86,284		45,847		162,878
Net Pension Liability		132,631		233,198		11,343		377,172
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		65,261		116,540		-		181,801
Total Long-Term Liabilities		1,699,100		7,246,213		1,544,420		10,489,733
Total Liabilities		1,943,616		9,025,582		1,970,609		12,939,807
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Lease Related		-		307,988		-		307,988
Pension Related Amounts		279,135		490,789		25,889		795,813
Other Postemployment Benefits								
Related Amounts		51,961		92,771				144,732
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		331,096		891,548		25,889		1,248,533
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		13,998,590		16,502,025		1,057,051		31,557,666
Restricted:								
Debt Service		156,640		788,973		-		945,613
Equipment Replacement		1,500,000		-		-		1,500,000
Unrestricted		4,222,428		4,357,370		496,844		9,076,642
Total Net Position	\$	19,877,658	\$	21,648,368	\$	1,553,895	\$	43,079,921

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds						
		Nastewater		Water			
		Utility		Utility		Marina	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	2,966,880	\$	3,400,873	\$	1,418,790	\$ 7,786,543
Other		12,394		169,369		-	181,763
Total Operating Revenues		2,979,274		3,570,242		1,418,790	 7,968,306
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Operation and Maintenance		1,566,225		1,960,765		1,063,092	4,590,082
Depreciation		787,474		611,307		108,327	1,507,108
Total Operating Expenses		2,353,699		2,572,072		1,171,419	6,097,190
OPERATING INCOME		625,575		998,170		247,371	1,871,116
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment Income		245,012		277,999		20,900	543,911
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(23,540)		(177,618)		(27,162)	(228,320)
Miscellaneous		62,066		-		-	62,066
Total Nonoperating Revenues							
(Expenses)		283,538		100,381		(6,262)	 377,657
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS							
AND TRANSFERS		909,113		1,098,551		241,109	2,248,773
Capital Contributions		649,830		701,626		-	1,351,456
Transfers In		-		-		1,908,671	1,908,671
Transfers Out		(8,243)		(388,230)		(595,885)	 (992,358)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,550,700		1,411,947		1,553,895	4,516,542
Net Position - Beginning of Year		18,326,958		20,236,421			38,563,379
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	19,877,658	\$	21,648,368	\$	1,553,895	\$ 43,079,921

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Enterprise Funds		
	Wastewater	Water		
	Utility	Utility	Marina	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 3,057,184	\$ 3,308,220	\$ 1,466,696	\$ 7,832,100
Cash Paid for Employee Wages and Benefits	(570,882)	(1,089,917)	(1,135,167)	(2,795,966)
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(915,773)	(729,613)	(58,489)	(1,703,875)
Net Cash Provided by				
Operating Activities	1,570,529	1,488,690	273,040	3,332,259
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Due To/From Other Funds	-	110,316	-	110,316
Transfer Out	(8,243)	(388,230)	(595,885)	(992,358)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital				
Financing Activities	(8,243)	(277,914)	(595,885)	(882,042)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(1,251,168)	(2,344,236)	-	(3,595,404)
Capital Contributions	649,830	701,626	-	1,351,456
Lease Payments Received	-	51,409	-	51,409
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	-	-	540,000	540,000
Premium on Long-Term Debt	-	-	23,389	23,389
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(188,727)	(510,000)	(175,000)	(873,727)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	(45,213)	(208,358)	(36,834)	(290,405)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(835,278)	(2,309,559)	351,555	(2,793,282)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest Received	245,012	277,999	20,900	543,911
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS	972,020	(820,784)	49,610	200,846
Cash and Investments - Beginning of Year	4,655,528	6,392,636	671,866	11,720,030
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,627,548	\$ 5,571,852	\$ 721,476	\$ 11,920,876

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Ente	erprise Funds			
	V	/astewater	Water				
		Utility		Utility	Marina		Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING				,			
INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating Income	\$	625,575	\$	998,170	\$ 247,371	\$	1,871,116
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating							
Income to Net Cash Provided							
by Operating Activities:							
Depreciation		829,356		611,307	108,327		1,548,990
Depreciation Charged to Sewer Utility		(41,882)		41,882	-		-
Miscellaneous Revenue		62,066		-	-		62,066
Change in Liability (Asset) and Deferred							
Outflows and Inflows of Resources:							
Net Pension Asset/Liability		332,872		573,491	29,453		935,816
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		(107,090)		(210,002)	(10,255)		(327,347)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		(192,355)		(310,469)	(16,754)		(519,578)
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		(17,351)		(58,297)	-		(75,648)
Deferred Outflows Related to Other							
Postemployment Benefits		(3,235)		2,309	-		(926)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other							
Postemployment Benefits		18,637		17,049	-		35,686
Change in Deferred Inflows from Leases		-		(51,409)	-		(51,409)
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:							
Accounts Receivables		15,844		(210,613)	-		(194,769)
Prepaid Items		-		1,214	-		1,214
Accounts Payable		(16,212)		27,737	(155,716)		(144,191)
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities		69,570		106,879	23,891		200,340
Unearned Revenue		-		-	47,906		47,906
Compensated Absences		(5,266)		(50,558)	(1,183)		(57,007)
Net Cash Provided by Operating							
Activities	\$	1,570,529	\$	1,488,690	\$ 273,040	\$	3,332,259
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND							
INVESTMENTS TO THE STATEMENT							
OF NET POSITION							
Cash and Investments in Current Assets	\$	3,821,291	\$	3,797,140	\$ 721,476	\$	8,339,907
Cash and Investments in Restricted Assets		1,806,257		1,774,712	-		3,580,969
Total Cash and Investments	\$	5,627,548	\$	5,571,852	\$ 721,476	\$	11,920,876
Noncash capital and related financing activities							
Transfer from Governmental Activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,445,991	\$	-

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,722,805
Receivables:	
Taxes	6,591,984
Total Assets	14,314,789
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	14,314,789
NET POSITION	
Fiduciary Net Position - Restricted for Other Governments	\$ -

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
ADDITIONS Taxes and Special Charges Collected	\$ 14,120,592
DEDUCTIONS Payments to Other Taxing Jurisdictions	14,120,592
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ -

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Port Washington, Wisconsin (the City), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the City are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven member City Council. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the City and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the City. The City has identified the following component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Business Improvement District

The government-wide financial statements include the Business Improvement District (the BID) as a component unit. The BID is a legally separate organization. The board of the BID is appointed by the mayor. Wisconsin statutes provide for circumstances whereby the City can impose its will on the BID, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City. As a component unit, the BID's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. The BID does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Joint Venture

The Mid-Moraine Municipal Court (Municipal Court) provides municipal court services for the following members:

Washington CountyOzaukee CountyCity of HartfordCity of CedarburgCity of West BendCity of Mequon

Village of GermantownCity of Port WashingtonVillage of JacksonVillage of FredoniaVillage of KewaskumVillage of GraftonVillage of NewburgVillage of SaukvilleVillage of SlingerVillage of Thiensville

Town of Hartford
Town of Trenton

The members share in the annual costs of the Municipal Court proportionate to the individual municipality's annual case load. The City's share of the cost to operate the Municipal Court in 2023 was 7.1%.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Joint Venture (Continued)

The governing committee of the Municipal Court is made up of employees from each community. Local representatives are appointed by the chief executive officer of each community. The committee recommends its own budget which is ratified by each community member. The committee also controls the financial affairs of the Municipal Court. The City believes that the municipal court will continue to provide similar services in the future.

Financial information of the Mid-Moraine Municipal Court as of December 31, 2023, is available directly from the Mid-Moraine Municipal Court in West Bend, Wisconsin.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

The City's general debt expenditures are accounted for in this fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital and Special Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for and report financial resources to be used for construction projects related to capital borrowing.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Wastewater Utility Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of a sewage collection system for city residents, business entities and public authorities.

Water Utility Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of a water distribution system which provides water service to city residents, business entities and public authorities.

Marina Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of the city Marina for residents, business entities and public authorities.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

- Revolving Loan
- Library
- Tourism
- Open Spaces
- Tree Replacement
- Payments to Townships
- Senior Center
- Recycling/Garbage
- ARPA

Capital Projects funds account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary fund types.

- 2019 Capital Borrowing
- Franklin Street Streetscape
- Coal Dock Project
- TID No. 2
- TID No. 3
- Breakwater Project
- TID No. 4
- 2021 Capital Borrowing
- 2022 Capital Borrowing

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

 The City accounts for assets held for individuals or other government agencies in custodial funds. The tax collection custodial fund accounts for property taxes and special charges collected on behalf of other governments.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers emergency medical service revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days and all other revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Property Taxes and Special Charges Receivable

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against City properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the City. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held in trust by the County and remitted to the City, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the City also levies and collects taxes for the Port Washington-Saukville School District, Grafton School District, Ozaukee County, and Milwaukee Area Technical College. Collections and remittances of taxes for other entities are accounted for in the tax roll custodial fund.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of \$383,108 have been reported in the General Fund net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. This balance represents net accounts receivable of \$188,655 related to general accounts receivable and \$194,453 relates to emergency medical service billings. Emergency medical services reported gross accounts receivable of \$765,156 and also recognized an allowance of \$570,703, resulting in a net of \$194,453.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

4. Loans Receivable

The City has received federal grant funds for economic development loan programs and has passed the funds to various businesses and individuals in the form of loans. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and the funds disbursed. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

It is the City's policy to record revenue when the initial loan is made from the federal grant funds. The net amount of the loan receivable is included in restricted fund balance. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year-end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

5. Leases Receivable

The City determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the City's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

5. Leases Receivable (Continued)

The City has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the City has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

6. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Noncurrent portions of the interfund receivables for the governmental funds are reported as "advances to other funds".

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities.

7. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items and are expensed during the periods benefited.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or higher for furniture and office equipment, \$10,000 for vehicles and operating equipment, and \$50,000 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of a year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSEIS	
Buildings	20 to 90 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 20 Years
Infrastructure	20 to 100 Years
Utility System	7 to 100 Years

9. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with employee handbook policies and/or bargaining unit agreements. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The City reports unavailable revenues for loans receivable and other long-term receivables. These inflows are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset),
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions,
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

12. Pensions (Continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The City contributes to the Service Award Program (SAP), a defined contribution pension plan, for its volunteer fire fighters, first responders and emergency medical technicians. SAP is administered by UBS Financial Services, Inc.

The City determines annually the amount it will contribute on behalf of each individual in the program. Participants are fully vested to receive a service award once he or she attains 15 years of service for a municipality and paid a service award upon reaching the age of 60. A participant who has discontinued providing eligible service after performing a minimum 10 years of service shall be partially vested and may elect to receive a partial service award at any time after reaching age 53. Nonvested accounts are forfeited if the individual ceases to perform creditable service for a period of 12 months or more and distributed equally among all other open accounts sponsored by the participating municipality at the time of the forfeiture.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City contributed \$11,000 to the plan, and the City recognized pension expense of \$11,000.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Defined Benefit Plan

Qualifying employees are provided with other postemployment benefits. The OPEB is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City has used values provided by their actuary. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense (revenue). Information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

14. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid items) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the City Council. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the City Council using the same action that was used to create them (resolution).
- Assigned Fund Balance. Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as either restricted or committed. The City Council has authorized, by resolution, the finance committee to assign fund balance. Residual amounts in any governmental fund, other than the General Fund, are also reported as assigned.
- Unassigned Fund Balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

The City has adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. Where applicable, the policy requires restricted funds to be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

14. Fund Equity (Continued)

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted Net Position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. During November, City management submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by City Council action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund, certain special revenue funds, debt service funds and certain capital project funds.
- 4. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided at the function level. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the City Council.
- 5. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the City to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

The City did not have any material violations of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (CONTINUED)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget Appropriations

The following functions of the governmental funds had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2023, as follows:

	Excess			
Fund	Ex	Expenditures		
General Fund:	'			
Public Safety	\$	141,343		
Public Works		228,654		
Culture and Recreation		19,453		

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following fund had deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2023:

	De	eficit Fund
Fund	 E	Balance
TID No. 3	 \$	143,926

The City anticipates funding the above deficit from future revenues of the fund.

D. Property Tax Levy Limit

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2023 and 2024 budget years, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the City's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the City for the 2023 budget was 2.47%. The actual limit for the City for the 2024 budget was 1.22%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005, is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005, and in certain other situations.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The City maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and Investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state, and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the City's cash and investments totaled \$35,291,230 on December 31, 2023, as summarized below:

Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	\$ 2,400
Deposits with Financial Institutions	16,042,509
Investments:	
State and Municipal Bonds	421,067
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	3,374,574
Money Market Mutual Funds	35,115
Federal Farm Credit Bank	460,736
Federal Home Loan Bank	407,379
Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool	14,547,450
Total	\$ 35,291,230

Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Other Investments	\$ 23,987,456
Restricted Cash and Investments	3,580,969
Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	 7,722,805
Total	\$ 35,291,230

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:									
	Lev	/el 1		Level 2	Le	vel 3				
Investments					<u> </u>					
State and Municipal Bonds	\$	-	\$	421,067	\$	-				
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits		-		3,374,574		-				
Money Market Mutual Funds		-		35,115		-				
Federal Farm Credit Bank		-		460,736		-				
Federal Home Loan Bank				407,379						
Total	\$	-	\$	4,698,871	\$	-				
Total	Ψ		Ψ	4,000,071	Ψ					

Deposits and investments of the City are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the City's deposits and investments and the related risks.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits with financial institutions within the state of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the state of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the state of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2023, \$14,693,443 of the City's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. Of this amount, all was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by a nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Presented below is the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

				rempt rom			Not
Investment Type		Amount	Disc	closure	AAA	Aa	Rated
State and Municipal Bonds	\$	421,067	\$	-	\$ 132,674	\$ 288,393	\$ -
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits		3,374,574		-	-	-	3,374,574
Money Market Mutual Funds		35,115		-	-	=,	35,115
Federal Farm Credit Bank		460,736		-	460,736	-	-
Federal Home Loan Bank		407,379		-	407,379	-	=
Wisconsin Local Government							
Investment Pool		14,547,450		-	-		14,547,450
Totals	\$ ^	19,246,321	\$	-	\$ 1,000,789	\$ 288,393	\$ 17,957,139

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in the market interest rate. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter and longer term investments and by timing cash flows form maturities so a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly overtime as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)							
		12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	More Than				
Investment Type	Amount	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months				
State and Municipal Bonds	\$ 421,067	\$ 421,067	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	3,374,574	2,792,512	582,062	-	-				
Money Market Mutual Funds	35,115	35,115	=	-	=				
Federal Farm Credit Bank	460,736	-	-	460,736	-				
Federal Home Loan Bank	407,379	-	-	407,379	-				
Wisconsin Local Government									
Investment Pool	14,547,450	14,547,450		<u>-</u>					
Totals	\$ 19,246,321	\$ 17,796,144	\$ 582,062	\$ 868,115	\$ -				

B. Lease Receivable

A summary of the City's leases terms and interest rates is as follows:

Governmental Activities

Cell Tower Leases. Monthly installments ranging from \$2,367 to \$3,332 plus interest at 1.00%, due dates ranging from 2025 to 2031.

Business-Type Activities

Cell Tower Lease. Monthly installments ranging from \$1,895 to \$3,142 plus interest at 1.00%, due date of 2028.

Certain leases provide for increases in future minimum annual rental payments based on defined increases.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Lease Receivable (Continued)

Total lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ended		Governmer	ıtal Ac	tivities	Business- Type Activities					To	otal	al	
December 31,	F	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal		lr	nterest	
2024	\$	95,895	\$	3,392	\$	53,343	\$	2,836	\$	149,238	\$	6,228	
2025		86,387		2,436		55,335		2,293		141,722		4,729	
2026		56,924		1,703		57,385		1,731		114,309		3,434	
2027		31,633		1,293		59,496		1,147		91,129		2,440	
2028		32,944		971		57,397		544		90,341		1,515	
2029-2031		79,240		937		25,032		94		104,272		1,031	
Total	\$	383,023	\$	10,732	\$	307,988	\$	8,645	\$	691,011	\$	19,377	

C. Restricted Assets

Restricted and other assets on December 31, 2023, totaled \$3,580,969 and consisted of cash and investments held for the following purposes:

		Business-Ty					
	V	Wastewater		Water			
Funds	Utility		Utility		Utility Utility		 Total
Restricted Cash and Investments:		_		_	 _		
Equipment Replacement	\$	1,500,000	\$	-	\$ 1,500,000		
Unspent Bond Proceeds		-		200,033	200,033		
Bond Redemption		162,840		822,435	985,275		
Bond Reserve		143,417		752,244	 895,661		
Total Restricted		_		_	 _		
and Other Assets	\$	1,806,257	\$	1,774,712	\$ 3,580,969		

Grant requirement and bond covenants require the City to restrict cash and investments for the following purposes, as summarized below:

Equipment Replacement	Represents resources set aside to fund plant renewals and replacements.
Bond Redemption	Represents resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next 12 months.
Bond Reserve	Represents resources set aside to make potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning							Ending
	 Balance	Increases		Transfers *		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:								
Land	\$ 3,889,709	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,889,709
Construction in Progress	2,122,840	391,669				1,787,235		727,274
Total Capital Assets,								
Nondepreciable	6,012,549	391,669		-		1,787,235		4,616,983
Capital Assets, Depreciable:								
Buildings	16,283,329	439,182		(292,512)		-		16,429,999
Machinery and Equipment	14,071,977	1,229,051		(39,296)		2,657,113		12,604,619
Infrastructure	49,401,915	 3,158,752		(4,364,599)		-		48,196,068
Subtotals	79,757,221	4,826,985		(4,696,407)		2,657,113		77,230,686
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings	7,860,348	307,006		(234,010)		-		7,933,344
Machinery and Equipment	8,764,431	589,115		(1,531,988)		2,575,707		5,245,851
Infrastructure	18,910,724	1,027,966		(39,296)		-		19,899,394
Subtotals	35,535,503	1,924,087	_	(1,805,294)	_	2,575,707	_	33,078,589
Total Capital Assets,								
Depreciable, Net	 44,221,718	 2,902,898		(2,891,113)		81,406		44,152,097
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 50,234,267	\$ 3,294,567	\$	(2,891,113)	\$	1,868,641		48,769,080
Less: Capital Related Debt								32,045,822
Less: Debt Premium								799,332
Less: Capital Related Accounts Payable								707,390
Plus: Unspent Bond Proceeds								4,133,588
Net Investment in Capital Assets							\$	19,350,124

^{*}During the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023, the City transferred capital asset and related accumulated depreciation from the governmental activities to the business-type activities in the amounts of \$4,696,407 and \$1,805,294, respectively.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning							Ending				
		Balance		Increases		ransfers *		Decreases		ecreases E		Balance
Business-Type Activities:												
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:												
Land	\$	51,529	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,529		
Construction in Progress		2,603,756		1,622,645		-		2,601,202		1,625,199		
Total Capital Assets,												
Nondepreciable		2,655,285		1,622,645		-		2,601,202		1,676,728		
Capital Assets, Depreciable:												
Buildings and Improvements		11,501,625		-		292,512		-		11,794,137		
Machinery and Equipment		9,003,612		2,912,516		39,296		-		11,955,424		
Infrastructure		47,870,650		1,661,445		4,364,599		189,804		53,706,890		
Subtotals		68,375,887		4,573,961		4,696,407		189,804		77,456,451		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		33,872,798		1,548,990		1,805,294	_	189,804	_	37,037,278		
Total Capital Assets,												
Depreciable, Net		34,503,089		3,024,971		2,891,113		-		40,419,173		
Business-Type Activities												
Capital Assets, Net	\$	37,158,374	\$	4,647,616	\$	2,891,113	\$	2,601,202		42,095,901		
Less: Capital Related Debt Less: Debt Premium										10,219,306 318,929		
Net Investment in Capital Assets									\$	31,557,666		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 352,857
Public Safety	266,375
Public Works	1,082,828
Culture and Recreation	 222,027
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,924,087
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Utility	\$ 611,307
Sewer Utility	787,474
Marina	108,327
Depreciation Expense Charged to Other Expense Accounts	 41,882
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,548,990

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Interfund Receivable, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the City, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2023, are detailed below:

	 nterfund ceivables	Interfund Payables		
Temporary Cash Advances to Finance				
Operating Cash Deficits:				
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 105,155	\$	-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
TID No. 3			105,155	
Total	\$ 105,155	\$	105,155	

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023, were as follows:

	Transfer			Transfer	
Funds	_	In		Out	
Governmental Funds:	<u> </u>				
General	\$	461,461	\$	-	
General Debt Service		262,252		_	
Capital and Special Projects		992,685		142,836	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
Marina Special Revenue Fund		-		462,680	
Franklin Street Streetscape		-		35,390	
Coral Dock Project		-		49,798	
Senior Center		-		14,987	
2021 Capital Borrowing		85,188		519,417	
2022 Capital Borrowing		-		46,800	
Proprietary Funds:					
Wastewater Utility		-		8,243	
Water Utility		-		388,230	
Marina		1,908,671		595,885	
Transfer From Governmental Activities to					
Business-Type Activities				1,445,991	
Total	\$	3,710,257	\$	3,710,257	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Interfund Receivable, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers were made for the following purposes:

Tax Equivalent Payment Made by Water Utility	
to General Fund	\$ 388,230
Tax Equivalent Payment Made by Wastewater Utility	
to General Fund	8,243
Transfer from Marina	
to General Fund	50,000
to Capital and Special Projects Fund	545,885
Transfer Marina Funds to Proprietary Funds	462,680
Transfer for Debt Service Payments	262,252
Transfer funds to Capital and Special Projects Fund	446,800
Transfer funds to 2021 Capital Borrowing	85,188
Transfer funds from Senior Center	14,988
Transfer from Governmental Activities to Marina	
Proprietary Fund	1,445,991
Total Fund Financial Statement Transfers	3,710,257
Less: Eliminations	(2,793,944)
Total Government-Wide Financial	
Statement Transfers	\$ 916,313

F. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the City for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Issued Transfers Retired			Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:		ь.				
General Obligation Debt:						
Bonds	\$ 30,820,000	\$ 5,460,000	\$ (1,315,000)	\$ 3,035,000	\$ 31,930,000	\$ 3,380,000
Notes from Direct Borrowings	126,095			10,273	115,822	8,991
Total General						
Obligation Debt	30,946,095	5,460,000	(1,315,000)	3,045,273	32,045,822	3,388,991
Debt Premium	739,267	236,493	(30,851)	145,577	799,332	125,192
Compensated Absences	1,279,564	151,399	(57,444)	351,086	1,022,433	346,093
Governmental Activities						-
Long-Term Obligations	\$ 32,964,926	\$ 5,847,892	\$ (1,403,295)	\$ 3,541,936	\$ 33,867,587	\$ 3,860,276
Business-Type Activities:						
General Obligation Debt:						
Bonds	\$ -	\$ 540,000	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 1,680,000	\$ 230,000
Notes	88,727			88,727		
Total General						
Obligation Debt	88,727	540,000	1,315,000	263,727	1,680,000	230,000
Revenue Bonds	9,285,000	-	-	610,000	8,675,000	625,000
Bond Anticipation Notes	960,000	-	-	-	960,000	960,000
Debt Premium	317,397	23,389	30,851	52,708	318,929	51,047
Compensated Absences	233,075	19,177	57,444	75,000	234,696	71,818
Business-Type Activities						
Long-Term Obligations	\$ 10,884,199	\$ 582,566	\$ 1,403,295	\$ 1,001,435	\$ 11,868,625	\$ 1,937,865

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$1,023,846.

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness	12/31/23
Refunding Bonds	11/14/12	09/01/27	2.00 - 2.38%	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 320,000
Refunding Bonds	07/01/13	09/01/32	2.75 - 3.25%	3,965,000	2,200,000
Promissory Notes	08/04/14	09/01/24	2.50 - 2.63%	4,200,000	375,000
Refunding Bonds	07/06/16	09/01/31	2.13 - 2.50%	5,030,000	4,060,000
Promissory Notes	06/27/17	09/01/26	2.00 - 3.00%	5,445,000	2,380,000
Promissory Notes	06/15/18	09/01/27	3.00%	2,400,000	1,425,000
Taxable Promissory Notes	08/19/19	12/01/27	2.00 - 3.00%	1,110,000	660,000
Refunding Bonds	11/01/19	12/01/34	2.00 - 4.00%	2,890,000	2,890,000
State Trust Fund Loan	02/13/20	03/15/29	3.25%	47,426	33,195 *
Promissory Notes	06/08/20	09/01/29	2.00%	2,895,000	1,710,000
Refunding Bonds	08/17/20	09/01/33	0.45 - 1.65%	3,780,000	2,710,000
Refunding Bonds	10/15/21	09/01/33	1.00 - 2.00%	4,905,000	4,500,000
Community Development Bonds	05/06/22	03/01/38	4.15 - 5.00%	835,000	805,000
Promissory Notes	08/01/22	03/01/32	3.00 - 5.00%	3,700,000	3,575,000
State Trust Fund Loan	08/02/22	03/15/38	4.75%	87,960	82,627 *
Promissory Notes	11/28/23	03/01/33	4.00 - 5.00%	6,000,000	6,000,000
Total Outstanding General					
Obligation Debt					\$ 33,725,822

^{*}State Trust Fund Loans issued during 2020 and 2022 have a total outstanding balance as of December 31, 2023 of \$115,822 and are reflected in the following table as direct borrowing.

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$33,725,822 on December 31, 2023, are detailed below:

General Obligation Notes from Direct
Borrowing and Direct Placements

		Governmental Activities					
Year Ended December 31,	F	Principal	lı	nterest			
2024	\$	8,991	\$	5,018			
2025		9,355		4,653			
2026		9,720		4,288			
2027		10,100		3,907			
2028		10,486		3,522			
2029-2033		33,043		12,281			
2034-2038		34,127		5,016			
Total	\$	115,822	\$	38,685			

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

	General Obligation Debt											
Year Ended	Government	al A	ctivities		Business-Ty	/ре А	ctivities		Tot	al		
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2024	\$ 3,380,000	\$	873,439	\$	230,000	\$	41,039	\$	3,610,000	\$	914,478	
2025	3,985,000		839,011		230,000		41,275		4,215,000		880,286	
2026	3,470,000		736,114		235,000		35,325		3,705,000		771,439	
2027	3,480,000		633,455		240,000		29,150		3,720,000		662,605	
2028	2,975,000		523,310		245,000		22,850		3,220,000		546,160	
2029-2033	13,905,000		1,165,100		500,000		37,800		14,405,000		1,202,900	
2034-2038	735,000		44,281		-		-		735,000		44,281	
2038	 		-						2,038		-	
Total	\$ 31,930,000	\$	4,814,710	\$	1,680,000	\$	207,439	\$	33,610,000	\$	5,022,149	

Legal Margin for New Debt

The City's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2023, was \$45,982,818 as follows:

Equalized Valuation of the City	\$ 1,594,172,800
Statutory Limitation Percentage	(x) 5%
General Obligation Debt Limitation, per Section 67.03	
of the Wisconsin Statutes	79,708,640
Net Outstanding General Obligation Debt Applicable	
to Debt Limitation	33,725,822
Legal Margin for New Debt	\$ 45,982,818

Bond Anticipation Notes

	Date ofIssue	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/23
Taxable Revenue Bond Anticipation Note	10/28/21	5/1/24	0.65%	\$ 960,000	\$ 960,000

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding bond anticipation notes of \$960,000 on December 31, 2023, are detailed below:

		Business Type Activities							
Year Ended December 31,	F	Principal	Ir	iterest	Total				
2024	\$	\$ 960,000		3,120	\$	963,120			

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds outstanding on December 31, 2023, totaled \$8,675,000 and were comprised of the following issues:

	Date of	Final	Interest		Original	Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness		12/31/23
Water Revenue Bonds	06/06/16	05/01/36	2.25 - 3.00%	\$	2,500,000	\$ 1,825,000
Water Revenue Bonds	04/05/18	05/01/31	3.00 - 3.25%		2,635,000	1,755,000
Water Revenue Bonds	06/28/19	05/01/36	3.00 - 4.00%		1,820,000	1,570,000
Sewer Revenue Bonds	10/06/21	05/01/36	2.00 - 3.00%		1,680,000	1,490,000
Water Revenue Bonds	10/28/21	05/01/36	2.00%		2,235,000	2,035,000
Total Outstanding						
Revenue Bonds						\$ 8,675,000

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding revenue bonds of \$8,675,000 on December 31, 2023, are detailed below:

	Business-Type Activities							
	Bonded							
Year Ended December 31,		Principal			Interest			Total
2024	\$	625,000	-	\$	222,463		\$	847,463
2025		640,000			203,731			843,731
2026		655,000			184,807			839,807
2027		675,000			165,568			840,568
2028		695,000			145,694			840,694
2029-2033		3,450,000			443,003			3,893,003
2034-2036		1,935,000	_		71,530	_		2,006,530
Total	\$	8,675,000		\$	1,436,796		\$	10,111,796

Utility Revenues Pledged

The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the water system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the water system. The bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2036. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$8,391,046. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$718,358 and \$1,650,061, respectively.

The City has pledged future wastewater customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the water system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2036. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,720,750. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$138,700 and \$1,887,476, respectively.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Bond Covenant Disclosures

Debt Coverage Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds

Under terms of the resolutions providing for the issue of revenue bonds, revenue less operating expenses, excluding depreciation, must exceed 1.20 times the annual debt service. The coverage only includes revenue debt and does not include general obligation or other debt. The coverage requirement was met in 2023 as follows:

	Wastewater		 Water
Operating Revenues Less: Operating Expenses Add: Depreciation Interest Revenue	\$	2,979,274 (2,353,699) 787,474 245,012	\$ 3,570,242 (2,572,072) 611,307 277,999
Pledged Net Revenues	\$	1,658,061	\$ 1,887,476
Highest Annual Principal and Interest Requirements Coverage Factor Required	\$	138,700 11.95 1.20	\$ 718,733 2.63 1.20

The 2023 utility budgets were prepared and approved as required by the bond resolutions.

The City has carried out the requirements of the Water and Sewer revenue bond resolutions, including the reserve requirement.

G. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/reports-and-statements/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

1. Plan Description (Continued)

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

2. Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
<u>Year</u>	_Adjustment (%)_	Adjustment (%)
2013	(9.6)%	9 %
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21
2021	5.1	13
2022	7.4	15

3. Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executives and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period ending December 31, 2023, the WRS recognized \$584,499 in contributions from the City. Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Including Executives, and		
Elected Officials)	6.80 %	6.80 %
Protective with Social Security	6.80	13.20
Protective without Social Security	6.80	18.10

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

4. Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$2,249,015 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.04245264%, which was an increase of 0.00137192% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,137,376.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	0	f Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	3,581,983	\$	4,705,923
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		3,820,558		-
Changes in Assumptions		442,249		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share				
of Contributions		5,065		27,363
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		584,499		-
Total	\$	8,434,354	\$	4,733,286
		_		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

4. Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$584,499 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	 Expense
2024	\$ 124,674
2025	644,192
2026	659,018
2027	 1,688,685
Total	\$ 3,116,569

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2021
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability: December 31, 2022

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8 % Discount Rate: 6.8 %

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0 % Seniority/Merit 0.1 % - 5.6 %

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Postretirement Adjustments*: 1.7 %

^{*} No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2022, is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term	
	Expected	Long-Term
	Nominal	Expected Real
Current Asset	Rate of	Rate of
Allocation %	Return %	Return %
48 %	7.6 %	5.0 %
25	5.3	2.7
19	3.6	1.1
8	5.2	2.6
15	9.6	6.9
(15)	N/A	N/A
100 %	7.4	4.8
70 %	7.2	4.6
30	8.1	5.5
100 %	7.7	5.1
	Allocation % 48 % 25 19 8 15 (15) 100 % 70 % 30	Expected Nominal Current Asset Allocation % Allocation %

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.50 %

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.80% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members.

<u>Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease to		Current	19	√ Increase to
	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	D	iscount Rate
		(5.80%)		(6.80%)		(7.80%)
City's Proportionate Share of						<u> </u>
the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,464,407	\$	2,249,015	\$	(1,338,727)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

6. Payables to the Pension Plan

The City reported a payable of \$119,135 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2023.

H. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City reports OPEB balances at December 31, 2023, as summarized below:

		[Deferred	[Deferred
	OPEB	0	utflows of	lı lı	nflows of
	Liability	R	esources	R	esources
Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)	\$ 536,260	\$	317,903	\$	432,823
Single-Employer Defined OPEB Plan	716,481		316,503		452,670
Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,252,741	\$	634,406	\$	885,493

1. Single-Employer Defined Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health plan. The plan provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general, marina, wastewater, and water utility employees of the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides healthcare, prescription drug and dental coverage for retirees and their dependents. Retirees pay 100% of the monthly premium.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefit Payments	3
Active Employees	68
Total	71

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$716,481 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

1. Single-Employer Defined Postemployment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Inflation: 2.5 % Salary Increases: 3.0 %

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: 7.00 % decreasing by 0.10 % per year

down to 4.50 %, and level thereafter

Discount Rate: 4.3 %

Mortality rates were based on Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	 otal OPEB Liability (a)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 784,176
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	62,453
Interest	15,242
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(112,621)
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	73,845
Benefit Payments	(106,614)
Net Changes	(67,695)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 716,481

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.25%) than the current discount rate:

	1% D	ecrease to	(Current	1%	Increase to
	Disc	ount Rate	Disc	count Rate	Disc	count Rate
	(;	3.25%)	(4.25%)	(5.25%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	764,263	\$	716,481	\$	671,874

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

1. Single-employer Defined Postemployment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower (6.0% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(6.0% Decreasing	(7.0% Decreasing	(8.0% Decreasing
	to 3.5%)	to 4.5%)	to 5.5%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 649,233	\$ 716.481	\$ 794.506

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$29,300. At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual	·		·		
Experience	\$	65,640	\$	287,823	
Changes in Assumptions		110,338		164,847	
City Benefit Payments Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		140,525		_	
Total	\$	316,503	\$	452,670	

\$140,525 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the measurement period ended December 31, 2023 and reported in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in other postemployment benefits expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Expense		
2024	\$ (48,395)		
2025	(48,395)		
2026	(48,395)		
2027	(48,398)		
2028	(23,543)		
Thereafter	 (59,566)		
Total	\$ (276,692)		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

2. Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiemployer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 members employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a postretirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2023, are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Postretirement Coverage	40% of Member Contribution
25% Postretirement Coverage	20% of Member Contribution

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

2. Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2022, are listed below:

Life Insurance
Member Contribution Rates*
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		,
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05
30 - 34	0.06	0.06
35 - 39	0.07	0.07
40 - 44	0.08	0.08
45 - 49	0.12	0.12
50 - 54	0.22	0.22
55 - 59	0.39	0.39
60 - 64	0.49	0.49
65 - 69	0.57	0.57

^{*}Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, LRLIF recognized \$3,014 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$536,260 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefits terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.14075700%, which was an increase of 0.01027200% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$61,350.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

2. Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$	52,482
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	10,062		-
Changes in Assumptions	192,666		316,541
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between			
Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share			
of Contributions	115,175		63,800
Total	\$ 317,903	\$	432,823

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	_	Expense		
2024	-	\$	(3,248)	
2025			(6,596)	
2026			508	
2027			(28,828)	
2028			(34,715)	
Thereafter	_		(42,041)	
Total	_	\$	(114,920)	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

2. Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Valuation Date: January 1, 2022

Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset): December 31, 2022

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

20-Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:* 3.72 % Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 4.25 % Discount Rate: 3.76 %

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.00 % Seniority/Merit 0.1 % - 5.6 %

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2020. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2022, is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2022, actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

^{*}Based on the Bond Buyers GO Index

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

2. Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

			Long-Term
			Expected Geometric
		Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	of Return %
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interim Credit	50 %	2.45 %
U.S. Mortgages	Bloomberg US	50	2.83
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate			
of Return			4.25

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 2.30%.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.76 % was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.17% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the increase in the municipal bond rate from 2.06% as of December 31, 2021, to 3.72% as of December 31, 2022. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contributions schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

2. Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.76%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.76%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.76%) than the current rate:

	1% I	Decrease to		Current	1%	Increase to
	Dis	count Rate	Dis	count Rate	Dis	count Rate
		(2.76%)		(3.76%)		(4.76%)
City's Proportionate Share of		_				_
the Net OPEB Liability	\$	731,134	\$	536,260	\$	386,912

Payable to the OPEB Plan

The City did not report a payable for any outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the year ended December 31, 2023.

I. Fund Equity

1. Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2023, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

General Fund:	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaid Items	\$ 18,068
Delinquent Taxes	 20,223
Total General Fund	
Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 38,291

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

I. Fund Equity (Continued)

2. Restricted Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2023, restricted fund balance was as follows:

Special Revenue Funds: Restricted for:	
Loan Programs	\$ 866,545
Library	201,666
Total Special Revenue Funds	1,068,211
Debt Service Funds: General Debt Service Fund: Restricted for: Debt Service	92,887
Capital Projects Funds: Restricted for:	-,
Capital Projects	4,133,588
Tax Incremental District Development	241,491
Total Capital Project Funds	4,375,079
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 5,536,177

3. Committed Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of government fund balances are committed by City Council action. At December 31, 2023, General Fund balance was committed as follows:

Committed for:	
Open Spaces	\$ 426,769
Tree Replacement	149,193
Payments to Townships	375
Recycling	39,730
ARPA	51,234
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 667,301

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

I. Fund Equity (Continued)

4. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The City Council has established a minimum General Fund unassigned fund balance goal of a minimum of 20% of current annual General Fund operating expenditures, excluding capital outlay and debt service.

2023 General Fund Expenditures Less	
Capital Outlay and Debt Service	\$ 10,374,412
Minimum Fund Balance Percent	 (x) 20%
Minimum Fund Balance Amount	\$ 2,074,882

The current unassigned General Fund balance of \$3,597,383 is above the 20% goal.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Tax Incremental Financing Districts

The City has established a separate capital projects fund for Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 2, 3 and 4 which were created by the City in accordance with Section 66.1105 of the Wisconsin Statutes. At the time the District was created, the property tax base within the District was "frozen" and increment taxes resulting from increases to the property tax base are used to finance District improvements, including principal and interest on long-term debt issued by the City to finance such improvements. The statutes allow eligible project costs to be incurred up to five years prior to the maximum termination date. The City's District is still eligible to incur project costs.

Since creation of the above District, the City has provided various financing sources to the TID. The foregoing amounts are not recorded as liabilities in the TID capital project fund but can be recovered by the City from any future excess tax increment revenues. As of December 31, 2023, the City can recover \$2,868,257 from future excess tax increment revenues of the following:

	Recoverable
	Costs (Excess)
TID No. 2	\$ 2,472,099
TID No. 3	398,926
TID No. 4	(2,768)

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Tax Incremental Financing Districts (Continued)

The intent of the City is to recover the above amounts from future TID surplus funds, if any, prior to termination of the respective District. Unless terminated by the City prior thereto, each TID has a statutory termination year as follows:

	Termination
	Year
TID No. 2	2037
TID No. 3	2035
TID No. 4	2047

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; employee health and accident claims; or acts of God for which the government carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

C. Contingencies

From time to time, the City is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. Management believes such reimbursements, if any, would be immaterial.

D. Restatement of Beginning Net Position and Fund Balance

During fiscal year 2023 the City determined that accrued liabilities related to the health reimbursement benefit had been overstated in several opinion units including the general, marina and library governmental funds and for governmental activities, in the amounts of \$999,728, \$43,219, \$35,647, and \$291,422, respectively. Therefore, the City recorded a restatement adjustment to decrease liabilities and to increase fund balance / net position by the previously stated amounts.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. Subsequent Events

During April of 2024, the Common Council approved a resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of up to \$21,505,374 of taxable water system revenue bonds, series 2024.

During May of 2024, the Common Council approved a resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of up to \$12,850,100 of taxable sewer system revenue bonds, series 2024 through the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources through its clean water fund loan program.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability:												
Service Cost	\$	62,453	\$	77,508	\$	70,171	\$	38,456	\$	48,957	\$	48,957
Interest		15,242		21,506		23,758		27,095		24,660		24,660
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-		-		-			-		340,009
Differences Between Expected and												
Actual Experience		(112,621)		(126,627)		-		(378,657)		625		(197)
Changes of Assumptions		73,845		(83,237)		32,651		179,862		-		-
Benefit Payments		(106,614)		(44,107)		(32,609)		(11,801)		(14,545)		(14,545)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(67,695)		(154,957)		93,971		(145,045)		59,697		398,884
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		784,176		939,133		845,162		990,207		930,510		531,626
		_								_		_
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	716,481	\$	784,176	\$	939,133	\$	845,162	\$	990,207	\$	930,510
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	5,379,633	\$	5,379,633	\$	4,921,471	\$	4,921,471	\$	4,753,958	\$	4,753,958
City's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage		40.000/		4.4.500/		40.000/		4= 4=0/		00 000/		10.570/
of Covered-Employee Payroll		13.32%		14.58%		19.08%		17.17%		20.83%		19.57%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the current fiscal year end. Data is being accumulated annually to present 10 years of the reported information.

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Measurement Period Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)		
12/31/14	0.03973232 %	\$	(977,408)	\$ 4,782,327	20.44 %	102.74 %		
12/31/15	0.03943463		640,805	4,861,923	13.18	98.20		
12/31/16	0.03916297		322,796	4,932,900	6.54	99.12		
12/31/17	0.03965889	(1,177,519)	5,032,874	23.40	102.93		
12/31/18	0.04009404		1,426,420	5,117,922	27.87	96.45		
12/31/19	0.04101599	(1,294,937)	5,212,340	24.84	102.96		
12/31/20	0.04064883	(2,537,762)	5,592,702	45.38	105.26		
12/31/21	0.04108072	(3,311,181)	5,689,238	58.20	106.02		
12/31/22	0.04245264		2,249,015	6,025,128	37.33	95.72		

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending				iciency	Covered Payroll iscal Year)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
12/31/15	\$	378,253	\$	378,253	\$	_	\$ 4,861,923	7.78 %
12/31/16		373,731		373,731		-	4,932,900	7.58
12/31/17		408,004		408,004		-	5,032,874	8.11
12/31/18		421,319		421,319		-	5,117,922	8.23
12/31/19		387,006		387,006		-	5,212,340	7.42
12/31/20		477,233		477,233		-	5,592,702	8.53
12/31/21		487,673		487,673		-	5,689,238	8.57
12/31/22		516,253		516,253		-	6,025,128	8.57
12/31/23		584,499		584,499		-	6,316,398	9.25

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Measurement Period Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		Covered - Employee Payroll (Plan Year)		Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	
12/31/17 12/31/18 12/31/19 12/31/20 12/31/21 12/31/22	0.12765800 % 0.13492800 0.14920500 0.10966400 0.13048500 0.14075700	\$	384,069 348,160 608,517 603,231 771,215 536,260	\$	5,368,384 4,724,000 4,559,000 4,662,000 5,459,000 5,526,000	7.15 % 7.37 13.35 12.94 14.13 9.70	44.81 % 48.69 37.58 31.36 29.57 38.81	

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

City Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually Required ntributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Contribution Required Deficiency Contributions (Excess)			Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	
12/31/18	\$	15,127	\$	15,127	\$	-	\$ 4,724,000	0.32 %
12/31/19		18,124		18,124		-	4,559,000	0.40
12/31/20		19,653		19,653		-	4,662,000	0.42
12/31/21		2,649		2,649		-	5,459,000	0.05
12/31/22		2,915		2,915		-	5,526,000	0.05
12/31/23		3,014		3,014		-	6,316,398	0.05

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 1 WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension lability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Morality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning form the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension lability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Morality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning form the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. The City is required to present the last 10 fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until 10 fiscal years are presented.

NOTE 2 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Single Employer Defined OPEB Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms. No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate used as part of the actuarial assumptions changed from the prior year. Please refer to the Actuarial Assumptions section of Note 3 H.1 to the basic financial statements.

The City is required to present the last 10 fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until 10 fiscal years are presented.

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

The ETF Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a threeyear experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB labilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021, total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Morality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning form the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018, total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Morality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning form the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end. The City is required to present the last 10 fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until 10 fiscal years are presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Bug	dget		Variance Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
TAXES				
General Property	\$ 3,715,144	\$ 3,715,144	\$ 3,204,889	\$ (510,255)
Pubic Accommodation (Room) Taxes	105,000	105,000	101,079	(3,921)
Interest and Penalties `	300	300	199	(101)
Total Taxes	3,820,444	3,820,444	3,306,167	(514,277)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL				
State:				
State Shared Taxes	2,704,514	2,704,514	2,694,485	(10,029)
Personal Property Tax	14,880	14,880	14,881	1
Exempt Computer State Aid	11,395	11,395	11,395	-
Fire Insurance	55,000	55,000	64,715	9,715
Other Public Safety	13,000	13,000	74,032	61,032
Law Enforcement Grants	27,000	27,000	2,720	(24,280)
General Transportation Aid	895,415	895,415	893,416	(1,999)
Other State Grants	28,472	28,472	43,471	14,999
Total Intergovernmental	3,749,676	3,749,676	3,799,115	49,439
LICENSES AND PERMITS				
Licenses:				
Liquor and Malt Beverage	17,010	17,010	20,493	3,483
Bartender Operator's Licenses	6,450	6,450	8,075	1,625
Cigarette Licenses	1,200	1,200	800	(400)
Cable Television Fees	105,000	105,000	91,299	(13,701)
Other Business	5,000	5,000	4,200	(800)
Dog and Cat	1,700	1,700	1,280	(420)
Permits:				
Building	170,000	170,000	131,091	(38,909)
Plumbing	31,000	31,000	26,224	(4,776)
Inspection Administration Fees	200	200	-	(200)
Electrician	26,000	26,000	24,056	(1,944)
Occupancy	25,000	25,000	28,800	3,800
Other Permits	1,720	1,720	1,770	50
Zoning Fees	11,940	11,940	4,450	(7,490)
Total Licenses and Permits	402,220	402,220	342,538	(59,682)

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

				Variance Final Budget -
	Bu	dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
FINES AND FORFEITS				
Court Penalties and Costs	\$ 138,000	\$ 138,000	\$ 41,979	\$ (96,021)
Parking Violations	30,000	30,000	28,868	(1,132)
Total Fines and Forfeits	168,000	168,000	70,847	(97,153)
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Clerk's Fees	8,000	8,000	7,177	(823)
Publication Fees	600	600	700	100
Police Department Fees	3,600	3,600	7,962	4,362
Fire Department Fees	133,000	133,000	138,229	5,229
Ambulance Fees	583,300	583,300	628,515	45,215
Other Public Safety	15,000	15,000	8,149	(6,851)
County Highway Maintenance and Construction	1,040	1,040	216	(824)
Recreation Programs	328,513	328,513	296,807	(31,706)
Senior Center	6,122	6,122	82,011	75,889
Total Public Charges for Services	1,079,175	1,079,175	1,169,766	90,591
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Police Liaison Officer	68,228	68,228	68,228	-
MISCELLANEOUS				
Interest Income	20,250	20,250	358,318	338,068
Rental Income	115,000	115,000	93,166	(21,834)
Donations	-	-	13,623	13,623
Third-Party Reimbursement	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Other Miscellaneous Revenue	88,957	88,957	132,246	43,289
Total Miscellaneous	724,207	724,207	1,097,353	373,146
Total Revenues	\$ 10,011,950	\$ 10,011,950	\$ 9,854,014	\$ (157,936)

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Bu Original	udget Final	Actual	Variance Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	Original	IIIIaI	Actual	(Negative)
Mayor, Council, and Boards	\$ 46,107	\$ 46,107	\$ 39,950	\$ 6,157
Administrator	451,011	451,011	469,019	(18,008)
Elections	139,456	139,456	114,027	25,429
Treasurer	732,342	732,342	160,910	571.432
Assessor	41,000	41,000	40,824	176
Legal	149,000	149,000	179,873	(30,873)
Municipal Court	48,000	48,000	179,075	48,000
Insurance	258,683	258,683	375,569	(116,886)
Human Resources	242,460	242,460	238,173	4,287
Building and Plant	107,572	107,572	94,548	13,024
Total General Government	2,215,631	2,215,631	1,712,893	502,738
Total General Government	2,213,031	2,213,031	1,712,093	302,730
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police	3,492,777	3,492,777	3,553,369	(60,592)
Crossing Guards	43,281	43,281	29,484	13,797
Fire Protection	448,995	448,995	444,605	4,390
Inspections	159,373	159,373	145,410	13,963
Ambulance	411,195	411,195	536.721	(125,526)
Emergency Government	1,250	1,250	-	1,250
Total Public Safety	4,556,871	4,556,871	4,709,589	(152,718)
. otal . uzno ouloly	.,000,0	.,000,01	.,. 00,000	(102,110)
PUBLIC WORKS				
Administration	98,657	98,657	91,153	7,504
Engineering	139,495	139,495	224,827	(85,332)
Vehicle Operation and Maintenance	471,909	471,909	387,687	84,222
Highway and Street Maintenance	283,165	283,165	465,237	(182,072)
Street Signs	102,000	102,000	106,740	(4,740)
Street Clearing	21,500	21,500	26,141	(4,641)
Street Lighting	223,466	223,466	242,196	(18,730)
Storm Sewer Maintenance	66,400	66,400	51,898	14,502
Tree and Brush Removal	172,352	172,352	124,436	47,916
Snow and Ice Removal	111,200	111,200	108,921	2,279
Refuse and Garbage Collection	461,000	461,000	504,660	(43,660)
Weed Control	35,770	35,770	70,297	(34,527)
Total Public Works	2,186,914	2,186,914	2,404,193	(217,279)
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Public Health Services	9,200	9,200	3,683	5,517

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	 Buo	dget			Fina	′ariance al Budget - Positive	
	 Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
CULTURE AND RECREATION							
Parks Utility Costs	\$ 1,701	\$	1,701	\$	-	\$	1,701
Senior Center	138,644		138,644		236,741		(98,097)
Recreation Programs and Events	125,621		125,621		112,672		12,949
Recreation Administration	315,613		315,613		307,571		8,042
Celebrations	32,866		32,866		37,177		(4,311)
Park Maintenance	567,468		567,468		523,005		44,463
Swimming	185,810		185,810		184,035		1,775
Concessions - Swimming Pool Related	27,765		27,765		13,740		14,025
Total Culture and Recreation	1,395,488		1,395,488		1,414,941		(19,453)
CONVERSATION AND DEVELOPMENT							
Community Development	 142,846		142,846		129,113		13,733
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,506,950	\$	10,506,950	\$	10,374,412	\$	132,538

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

						Special R	levenu	ie				
ASSETS	Marin	a	Revolving Loan		Library	 Tourism	Op	oen Spaces	Re	Tree placement	Payments to Townships	Senior Center
ASSETS												
Cash and Investments Receivables: Taxes and Special Charges	\$	-	\$ 419,831	\$	526,727 260,192	\$ 6,366	\$	426,769	\$	149,193	\$ 37	5 \$ -
Accounts Loans		-	446,714	• !	-	-		-		-		
Total Assets	\$		\$ 866,545		786,919	\$ 6,366	\$	426,769	\$	149,193	\$ 37	<u> </u>
			ψ 000,010	= =	700,010	 0,000		120,100		110,100	<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	\$	-	\$	· \$	12,369 7,874	\$ 6,366	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$ -
Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenues		-			-	-		-		-		
Total Liabilities				- -	20,243	 6,366		-		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Taxes Levied for												
Subsequent Year		-			565,010	-		-		-		
Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	565,010	 -					-	<u> </u>
Total Deletted Illilows of Nesources		-			303,010	-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted Committed		-	866,545		201,666	-		426,769		- 149,193	37	- -
Unassigned		<u> </u>										
Total Fund Balances			866,545		201,666			426,769		149,193	37	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows												
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$		\$ 866,545	<u> \$ </u>	786,919	\$ 6,366	\$	426,769	\$	149,193	\$ 37	5 \$ -

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

	S	pecial Reven	ue (Co	ontinued)	Capital Projects								
ASSETS		ecycling/ Garbage		ARPA Fund	2019 Capital Borrowing		Frankin Street Streetscape		Coal Dock Project		TID No. 2	TID No. 3	Breakwater Project
ASSETS													
Cash and Investments Receivables: Taxes and Special Charges Accounts Loans	\$	228,967 73,105 - -	\$	823,039 - - -	\$ -	- - - <u>-</u> .	\$ - - - -	\$	- - -	\$	642,487 344,652 -	33,095	\$ - - -
Total Assets	\$	302,072	\$	823,039	\$ -	= :	\$ -	\$		\$	987,139	\$ 33,095	\$ -
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	\$	20,607	\$	11,362	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenues		<u>-</u>		- 760,443		- 	- -		-		<u>-</u>	105,155	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		20,607		771,805	-	-	-		-		-	105,155	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Taxes Levied for													
Subsequent Year Unavailable Revenue		241,735		-		-	-		-		748,416	71,866	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1	241,735		-	-		-		-		748,416	71,866	-
FUND BALANCES													
Restricted Committed		39,730		- 51,234	-	-	-		-		238,723	-	-
Unassigned		-		-								(143,926)	
Total Fund Balances		39,730		51,234					-		238,723	(143,926)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	302,072	\$	823,039	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	987,139	\$ 33,095	\$ -

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Cap						
		ID No. 4	2021 Capita Borrowii		2022 Capital Borrowing			Total
ASSETS		ID 110. 4	Dollowii	ig		onowing		Total
Cash and Investments Receivables: Taxes and Special Charges	\$	29,198 22,560	\$	-	\$	685,859	\$	3,938,811 733,604
Accounts Loans		280,000		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>		280,000 446,714
Total Assets	\$	331,758	\$	<u> </u>	\$	685,859	\$	5,399,129
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Accrued and Other Current Liabilities Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenues	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	685,859 - - -	\$	736,563 7,874 105,155 760,443
Total Liabilities		-		-		685,859		1,610,035
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Taxes Levied for								
Subsequent Year		48,990		-		-		1,676,017
Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	,	280,000 328,990		-		-		280,000 1,956,017
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Committed		2,768		-		-		1,309,702 667,301
Unassigned								(143,926)
Total Fund Balances		2,768						1,833,077
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	_\$	331,758	_\$	<u> </u>	\$	685,859	\$	5,399,129

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

						Special I	Revenue			
	Marina		Revolving Loan	 Library		Tourism	Open Spaces	Tree Replacement	Payments to Townships	Senior Center
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$ 511,276	\$	222,374	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental		-	-	10,000		-	-	-	-	-
Public Charges for Services		-	-	18,982		-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		-	-	129,116		-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous			41,249	 31,021			145,071			
Total Revenues		-	41,249	700,395		222,374	145,071	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		-	-	-		-	-	-	1,021	-
Public Safety		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Public Works		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Health and Human Services		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-	-	658,581		-	-	-	-	-
Conservation and Development		-	8,799	-		222,366	-	24,949	-	-
Debt Service:										
Principal		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay										
Total Expenditures		-	8,799	658,581	_	222,366		24,949	1,021	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	32,450	41,814		8	145,071	(24,949)	(1,021)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(462,6			-						(14,987)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(462,6	30)	<u> </u>	 						(14,987)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(462,6	30)	32,450	 41,814		8_	145,071	(24,949)	(1,021)	(14,987)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Originally Reported	419,4	61	834,095	124,205		(8)	281,698	174,142	1,396	14,987
Restatement	43,2	19		 35,647						
Fund Balances- January 1, as Restated	462,6	80	834,095	 159,852		(8)	281,698	174,142	1,396	14,987
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	- \$	866,545	\$ 201,666	\$		\$ 426,769	\$ 149,193	\$ 375	\$ -

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Special Reven	ue (Continued)	Capital Projects					
	Recycling/ Garbage	ARPA Fund	2019 Capital Borrowing	Frankin Street Streetscape	Coal Dock Project	TID No. 2	TID No. 3	Breakwater Project
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ -	Ψ	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 648,931	\$ 52,286	\$ -
Intergovernmental	19,232	642,900	-	-	-	15,263	4,861	-
Public Charges for Services	235,744	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		36,143		564		81,012		329,610
Total Revenues	254,976	679,043	-	564	-	745,206	57,147	329,610
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government	-	164,578	87	-	-	55,123	8,750	-
Public Safety	-	438,850	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	249,994	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Human Services	-	39,956	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conservation and Development	-	-	-	-	-	1,282,014	150	-
Debt Service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	305,273	50,000	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-	-	82,728	7,250	-
Capital Outlay								
Total Expenditures	249,994	643,384	87			1,725,138	66,150	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES	4,982	35,659	(87)	564	-	(979,932)	(9,003)	329,610
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-	(35,390)	(49,798)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(35,390)	(49,798)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,982	35,659	(87)	(34,826)	(49,798)	(979,932)	(9,003)	329,610
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Originally Reported	34,748	15,575	87	34,826	49,798	1,218,655	(134,923)	(329,610)
Restatement			·					
Fund Balances- January 1, as Restated	34,748	15,575	87	34,826	49,798	1,218,655	(134,923)	(329,610)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 39,730	\$ 51,234	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 238,723	\$ (143,926)	\$ -

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		ed)					
				2021	2022		
				Capital	Capital		
	TI	D No. 4	B	Sorrowing	Borrowing		Total
REVENUES	•	44.054	•		•	•	4 470 740
Taxes	\$	41,851	\$	- E01 001	\$ -	\$	1,476,718
Intergovernmental Public Charges for Services		-		591,981	-		1,284,237 254,726
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		-		-	-		129,116
Miscellaneous		-		354,794	-		1,019,464
Total Revenues		41,851	-	946,775			4,164,261
101411101011400		,		0.0,0			.,
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		150		-	-		229,709
Public Safety		-		-	-		438,850
Public Works		-		-	-		249,994
Health and Human Services		-		-	-		39,956
Culture and Recreation		-		-	-		658,581
Conservation and Development		39,758		-	-		1,578,036
Debt Service:							
Principal		-		-	-		355,273
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-	700.045		89,978
Capital Outlay		-		620,984	780,845		1,401,829
Total Expenditures	-	39,908		620,984	780,845		5,042,206
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		1,943		325,791	(780,845)		(877,945)
					, ,		, ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		-		85,188	-		85,188
Transfers Out				(519,417)	(46,800)		(1,129,072)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(434,229)	(46,800)		(1,043,884)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,943		(108,438)	(827,645)		(1,921,829)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Originally Reported		825		108,438	827,645		3,676,040
Restatement		-		-	-		78,866
Fund Balances- January 1, as Restated	-	825		108,438	827,645		3,754,906
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	2,768	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,833,077

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council
City of Port Washington
Port Washington, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Port Washington, Wisconsin, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 7, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2023-001 and 2023-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Port Washington's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sheboygan, Wisconsin June 7, 2024

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Finding No.

2023-001 Adjustments to the City's Financial Records

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Repeat finding of 2022-001

Condition: During the audit process, the Finance Director and CLA reviewed the accounting

treatment related to the accrual of the City's health reimbursement account liability. As part of the analysis of the terms of the City provided benefit and historical accounting treatment, a restatement journal entry that was material to

the City's financial statements was identified and recorded.

Criteria or Specific

Requirement: Material adjusting journal entries that are recorded during the audit process are

considered to be an internal control deficiency.

Effect: Year-end financial records prepared by the City may contain material

misstatements.

Cause: As of December 31, 2022, the City overstated the amount of the health

reimbursement account liability by a material amount.

Recommendation: We recommend that management of the City continue to review any adjusting

entries proposed as part of the audit process and also continue to review a draft

of the financial statements prior to issuance.

Management's

Response: The Finance Director will continue to review adjusting and closing entries, as well

as continue to review a draft of the financial statements prior to issuance.

CITY OF PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Section I – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Finding No.

2023-002 Segregation of Duties

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Repeat finding of 2022-003

Condition: The City has a limited number of employees to essentially complete all financial

and recordkeeping duties of the City. Accordingly, this does not allow for a proper

segregation of duties for internal control purposes.

Criteria or Specific

Requirement: Segregation of duties is an internal control intended to prevent of decrease the

occurrence of errors or intentional fraud. Segregation of duties ensure that no

single employee has control over all phases of a transaction.

Effect: Errors or intentional fraud could occur and not be detected timely by other

employees in the normal course of their responsibilities as a result of the lack of

segregation of duties.

Cause: The lack of segregation of duties is due to the limited number of employees.

Recommendation: We recommend that Management and the City Council continue to be aware of

this condition and that they continue to monitor the transactions and the financial records of the City. We recommend the City perform a risk assessment of its operations and current procedures to identify and implement mitigating controls

to reduce the risk of errors and intentional fraud.

Management's

Response: Management and the Council are conscious of the City's staffing limitations.

Management and the Council will continue to monitor the transactions and financial records of the City. Management and the Finance Department will continue to evaluate procedures including opportunities to improve segregation of duties and the internal control structure. There are a variety of mitigating controls currently in place to help identify potential errors or fraud. These processes include monthly detailed reports to the Council on the payments issued by the city, analytical reviews of budget to actual amounts by the finance department in preparation of the city's quarterly budget reports, quarterly budget reports issued to the Council and Department Heads, and analytical review of all revenues and expenditures during budget development. In addition, all department heads and several support staff also have online access to review the detailed transactions that have been posted to their respective accounts at

any time.

